

Global No. 1 Facial Analysis System

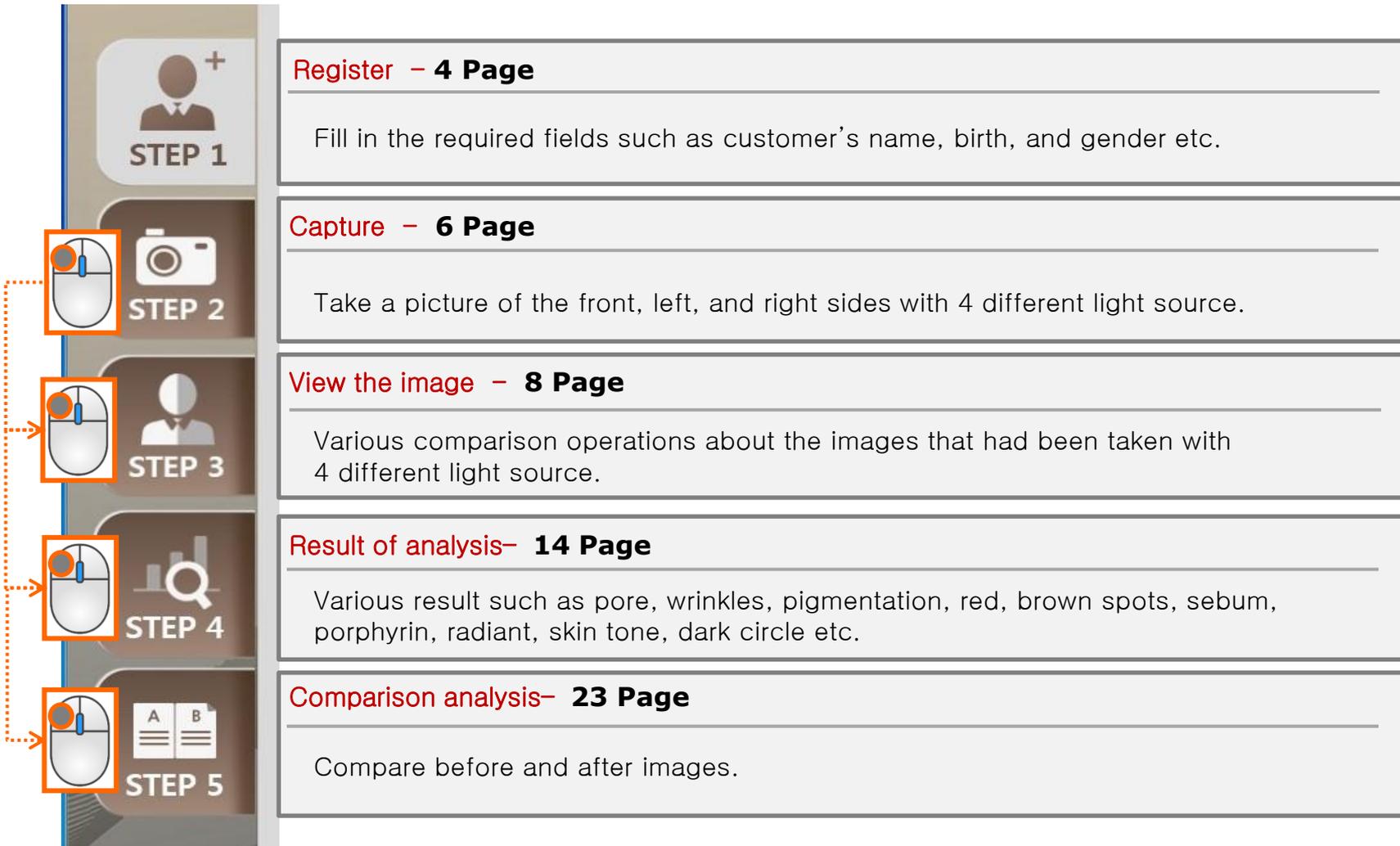
MARK•Vu

Operation Manual

© Program operation flow chart©

◇ It is possible to move step through click the **STEP** button.

- **STEP 1 (Register)** → **STEP 2 (Capture)** → **STEP 3 (View the image)** → **STEP 4 (Result of analysis)**
→ **STEP 5 (comparing analysis)**



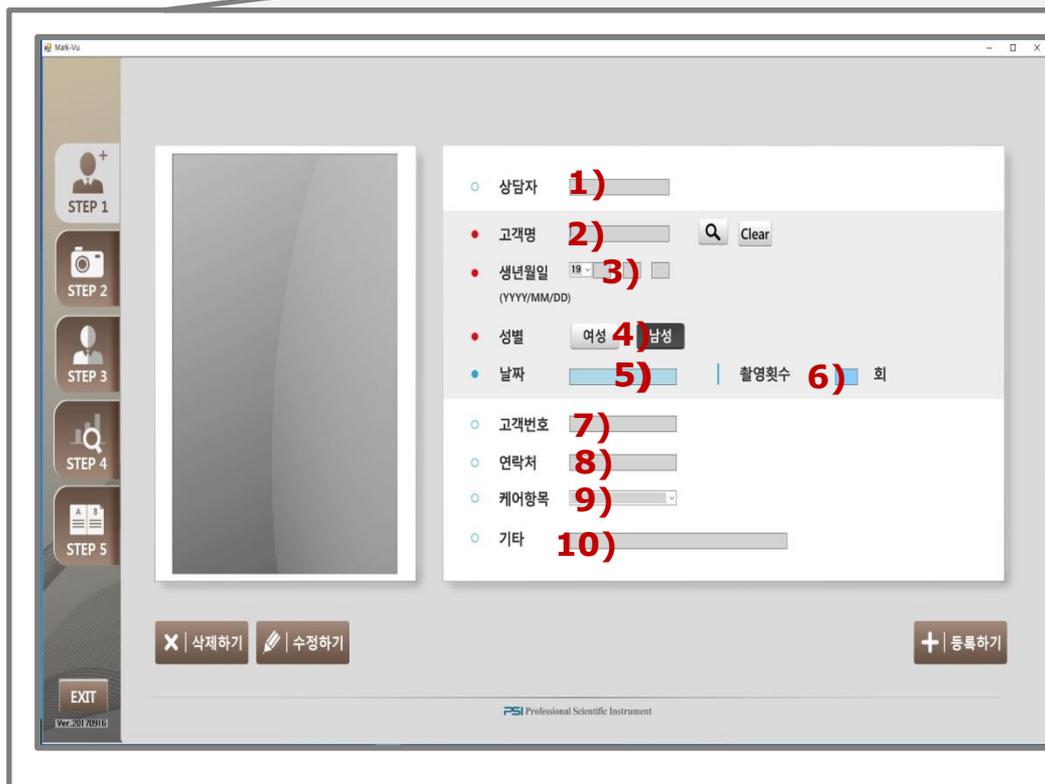
© Operation the '**MarkVu**' ©

- ◇ Click '**MarkVu**' icon on your desktop to open it.



◎ STEP 1 : Register(1) ◎

◇ **New Customer** : Please click a  button after fill in the required fields such as customer's name, birth, gender etc.

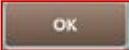


	List	Detail
1)	Counselor	Name of counselor
2)	Name	Those are required fields for compared to group of customers gender and age.
3)	Birth	
4)	Gender	
5)	Date	
6)	No. of shots taken	It is automatically input.
7)	Customer No.	Management number
8)	Phone	Contact number
9)	Care	a surgery/treatment list.
10)	Etc.	Other information

◇ Existing customers

Please click the  button or please click the  button after fill in a customers name for searching a customer.

◎ STEP 1 : Register(2) – Search a customer ◎

- ◇ It is switch to customer list page through click  button. – The customer who was recently shoot is at the top in the customer list.
- ◇ There are two different way to search a customer in customer list.
 - ① Searching for the customers name, counselor, customers No., care.
(Find a common customer for each entry)
 - ② Searching for the shooting period. (Find customer for a time period)
- ◇ It is switch to the register page to click the  button after selected a customer on the list.



DB번호	고객명	생년월일	성별	고객번호	상담자	연락처	케어항목	촬영일자	횟수	기타
11	권준엽	19830303	M					2017-08-03 20:10:07	40	
12	이동건	19700122	M					2017-08-03 13:23:02	20	
27	박지용0727	19890811	M					2017-07-27 17:59:05	6	
25	tttt	19780205	M					2017-07-26 22:35:30	4	
24	선명하계테...	19900909	M					2017-07-26 17:35:52	1	
23	반기테스트	19900909	M					2017-07-25 21:15:53	4	
13	Whitebalan...	19900303	F					2017-07-21 14:36:59	10	
22	최준철	19700101	M					2017-07-21 14:25:33	2	
14	rttt	19900808	M					2017-07-20 10:08:01	3	
10	tttt	19900303	F					2017-07-19 20:22:38	1	
15	rrr	19909080	F	118	tttt	090102039	노화			11111
16	rrr	19909090	F	118	tttt	090102039	장비1			11111
17	rrr	19909070	F	118	tttt	090102039	장비2			11111
18	rrr	19909080	F	118	tttt	090102039	장비2			11111

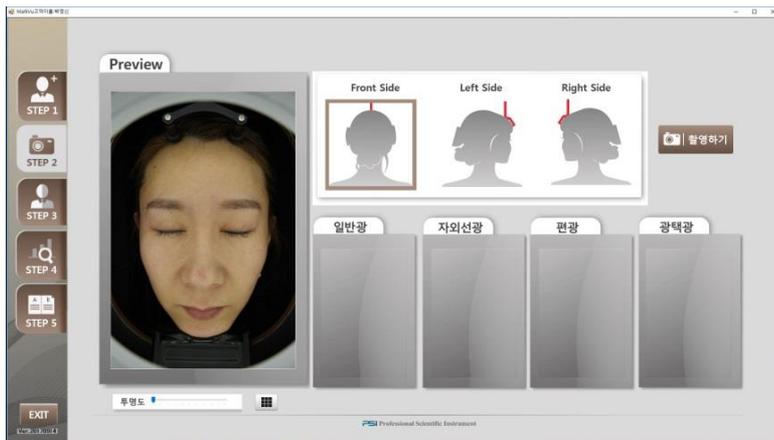
◇ Disk button : It is possible to make an excel file about a customer list included customer's information and result of analysis.

* If you click the 'Disk button' without searching a customer, you will get an excel file about all of your customer information and result of analysis.

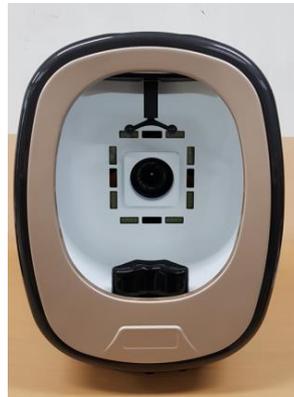
◎ STEP 2. Capture a customer images: front, left, right side (1) ◎

◇ It is switch a screen to click the  button as like a below pictures.

- 1) Adjust the headrest up and down to match the size of customer face and than lean a customer face to headrest and chinrest.
(Check the position of customer chin above the chinrest)
- 2) It is start to take a picture to click the  button at right side of screen or press the button at top of device.
- 3) When it is finished to take a picture of front side by 4 light source, automatically ready to take a picture of left side.
- 4) Ready to take a picture of left side : Lead a customer face to headrest and chin rest
after the headrest turns right and the device turns left.
- 5) Ready to take a picture of left side : Lead a customer face to headrest and chin rest
after the headrest turns left and the device turns right.
- 6) It is start to take a picture to click the  button at right side of screen or press the button at top of device
as like take a picture of front side.



[Capture a front side]



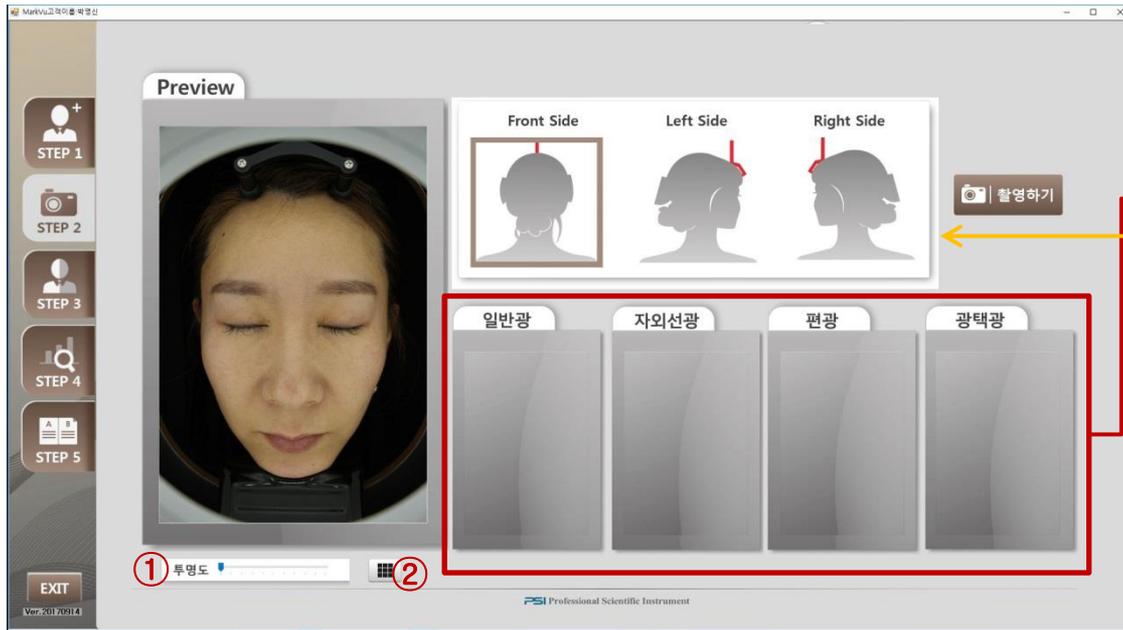
[Capture a left side]



[Capture a right side]



◎ STEP 2. Capture a customer images: front, left, right side (2) ◎



It is photographed four times in the order of normal light, UV light, polarized light, specular light. It is possible to confirm the images as soon as shooting is finished.

* If you need to take a picture again, you can take a picture after select the side of face which needed to re-take a picture.

① **Transparency** : For existing customers, It is used to overlay the first shot image to the current preview screen for taking a same standard images to comparison analyze



First shot image 100%
Current shot image 0%

First shot image 0%
Current shot image 100%

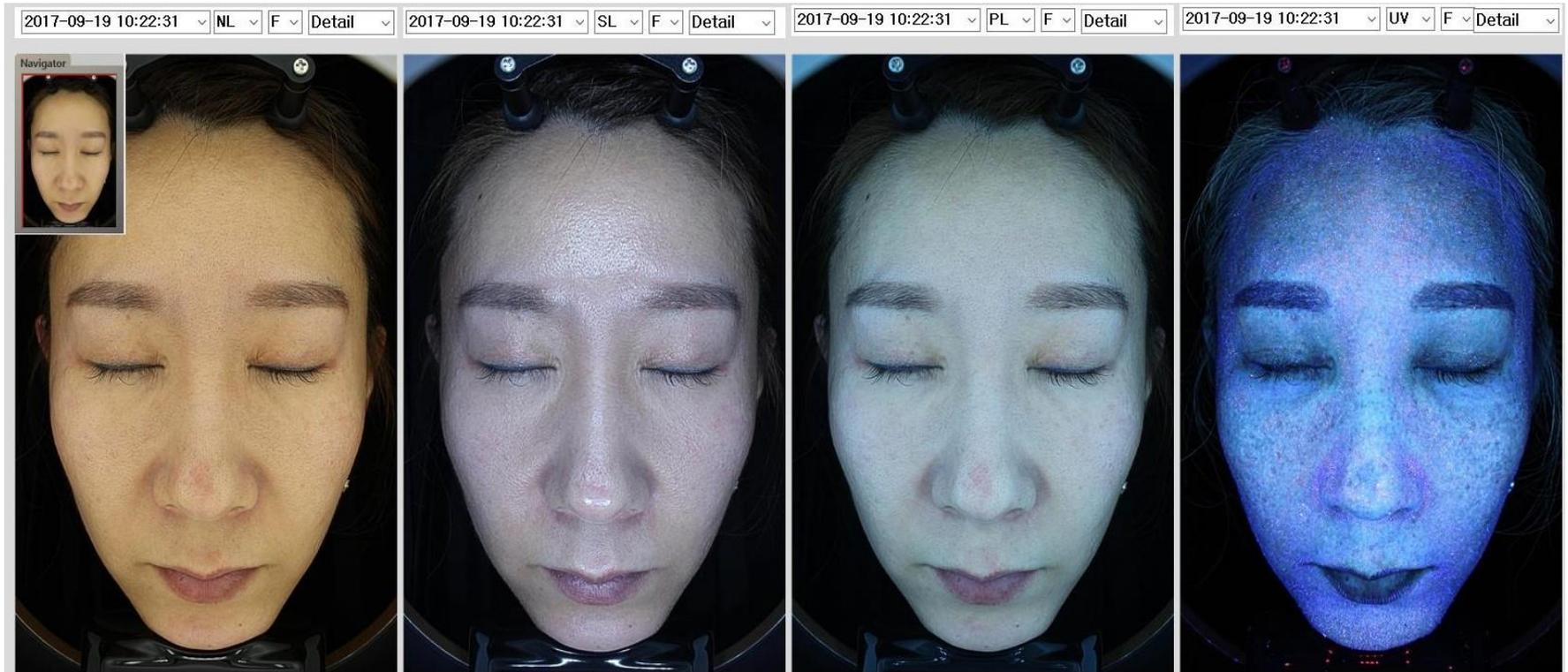
② **The grid pattern frame for shooting aid** : At the first shooting, it is help to check customer face is symmetrically correct.

© STEP 3. View the images – light source and list of analysis ©

◆ It is switch to view the images page as like below picture through click

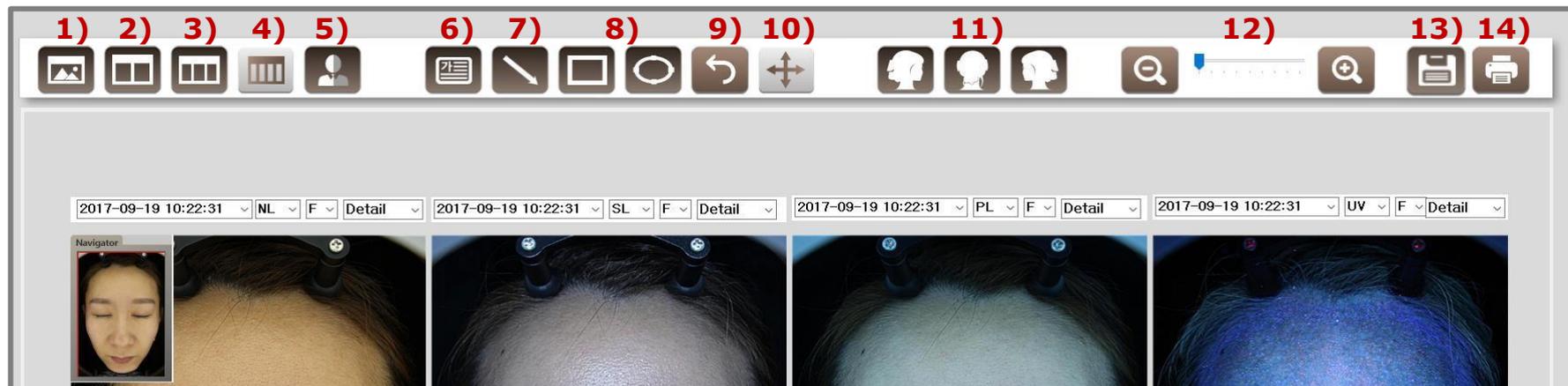


button.



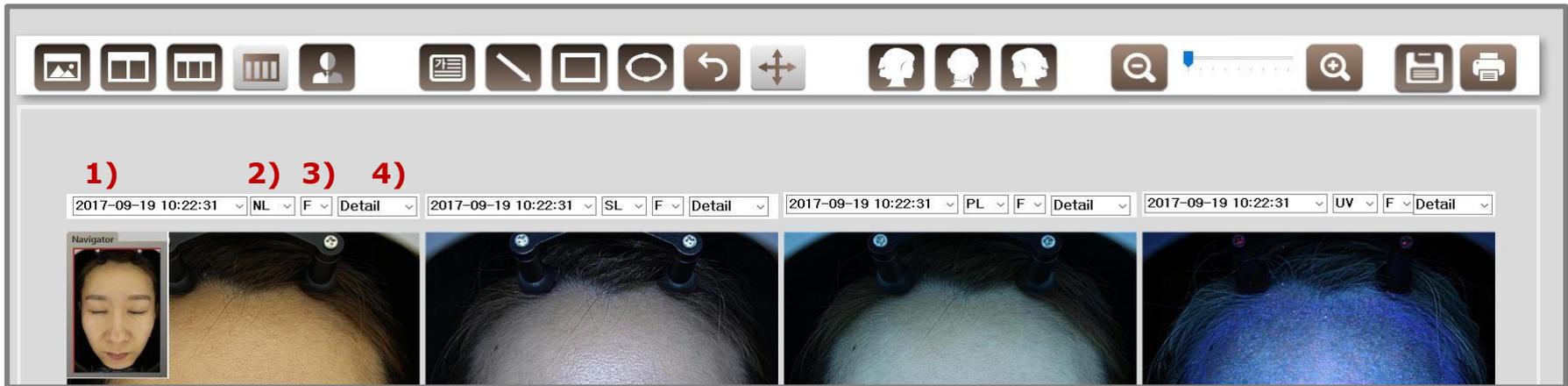
Light source	Normal(NL)	Specular(SL)	Polarized(PL)	Ultraviolet(UV)
List of analysis	pore, wrinkles, skin one	Hidden wrinkles, radiant	red & brown spots	Melanin, sebum, porphyrin

© STEP 3. View the images (2) – Detail of function©



	icon	Instruction		icon	Instruction
1)		To view an image in detail	8)		Draw a circle, square
2)		To compare two different images	9)		Undo
3)		To compare three different images	10)		Move to point – default * Caution, your text and draw will be deleted after move to point.
4)		To compare four different image - default	11)		To change side of face
5)		Overlay - default (PL/ UVL)	12)		Enlargement and reduction
6)		Please press 'Enter' after fill in your text	13)		Screenshot for current page
7)		Draw an allow (to - , from ->)	14)		Print for current page

© STEP 3. View the images (3) – Detail of function©



1) Choose the date

2) Choose the light source

3) Choose the side of face

4) Choose the Camera/Detail image

2017-09-19 10:22:31 

You can see the list of date when you press  button.

NL : Normal SL : Specular
PL : Polarized UV : Ultraviolet

F : Front
L : Left
R : Right

Detail : Cleared images
Camera : Original images

* Navigator



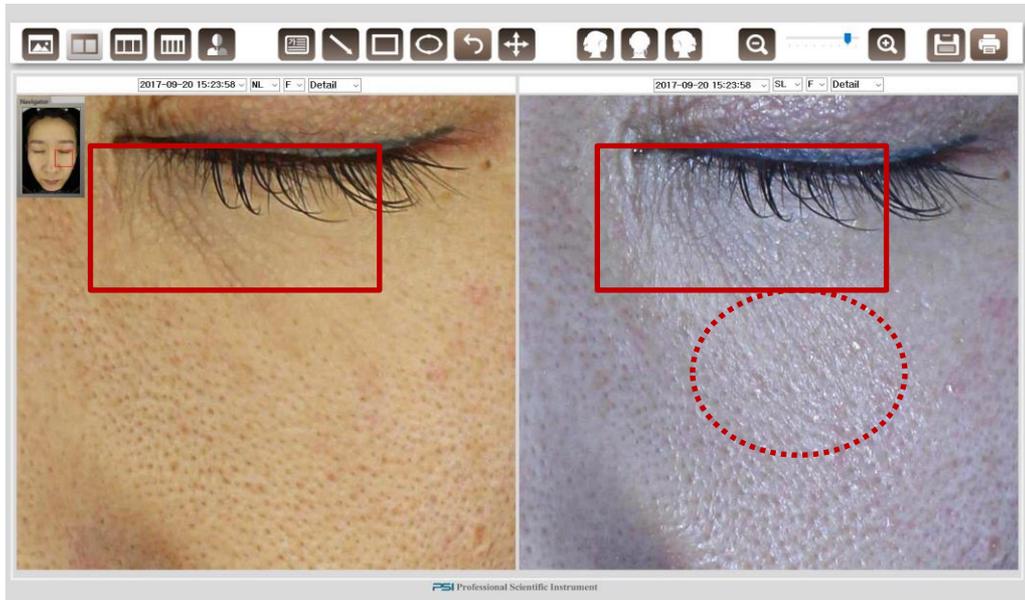
- ① When the image enlargement is selected, a red square box appears on the face.
- ② When enlarged, the box becomes smaller and the area enlarges.
- ③ You can observe the face part you want to see by dragging the red square box.

© STEP 3. View the images (4) – Detail images©

The screenshot displays a software interface with two rows of image panels. Each panel includes a date and time dropdown (2017-08-23 00:24:38), a camera mode dropdown, and a 'Detail' button. The top row shows the 'Camera' mode selected for all four panels. The bottom row shows the 'Detail' mode selected for all four panels. A red box highlights the 'Camera' dropdown in the top-right panel, and a red arrow points from it to the 'Detail' dropdown in the bottom-right panel. A text box with a white background and black border contains the text: "When you choose the 'Detail', the image will be changed to detail image." The images themselves show a progression from a standard camera view to a high-magnification detail view of the same subject's eye and skin.

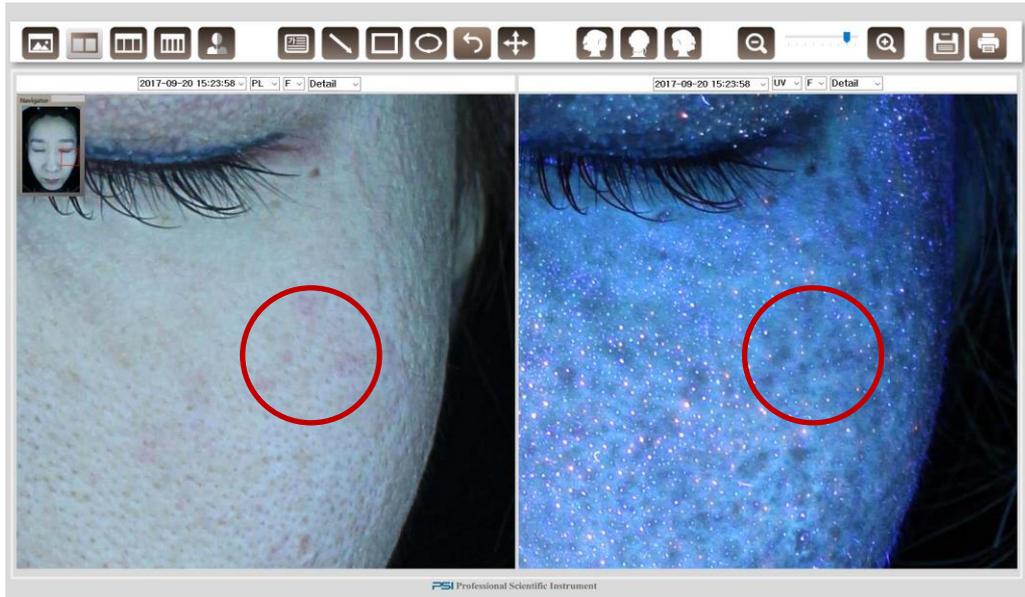
When you choose the 'Detail', the image will be changed to detail image.

© STEP 3. View the images (5) – Consultation with 2 split screen ©



◇ Counseling case 1) Normal & Specular light

As the red box in the left image, you can see the wrinkles under the eyes in normal light. But, as the red circles in the right image, in specular light, it is possible to observe a hidden wrinkles that can not be seen in normal light. When the customer treatments skin of under the eyes, the customer also should get a treatment at area of red circle which wrinkles could be occurred in the future.



◇ Counseling case 2) Polarized & UV light

On the left polarized image, you can see that there are a red and a brown spot together on the cheekbones which marked red circle. Also, if a red and brown spot are present on the surface of the skin, it can be check that melanin is also found in the inside of the skin on the right UV image. The red turns into brown color over time. The treatment a red is one of treatment pigmentation.

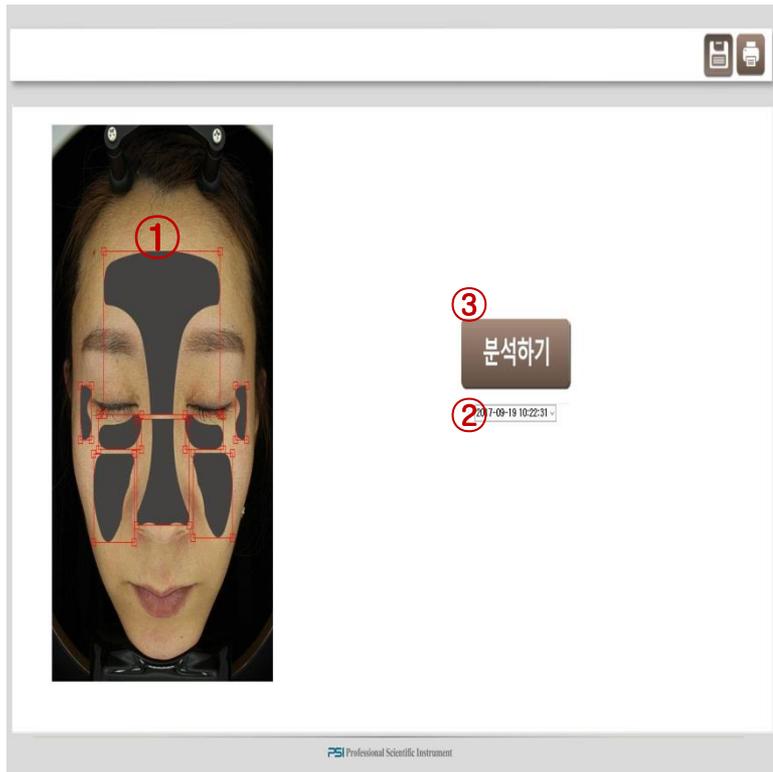
© STEP 3. View the images (6) – Consultation with 3 split screen ©



◇ Consultation with 3 split screen

- It is possible to check skin problem with 3 split screen as set front side, left side, right side of face as like above picture. it is possible to observe a customer's skin while changing light source or enlarge the images.

© STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Setting analysis part©

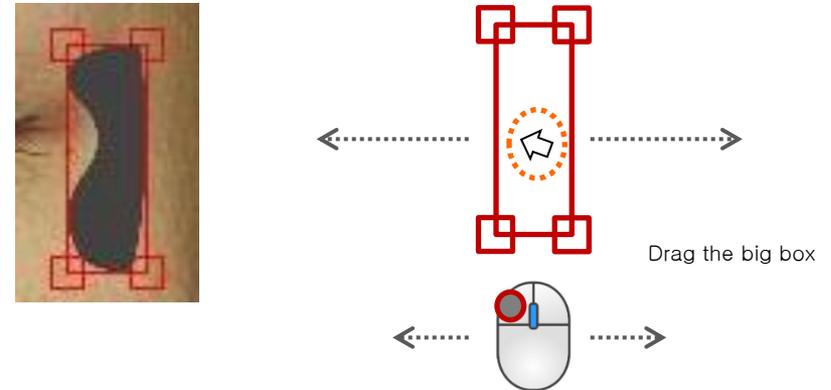


* Area setting order

- ① To set the analyzed area is follow the description on the right.
- ② Choose the date which you want to get a analyzed result above the 'Analyze' button.
- ③ Press the 'Analyze' button.

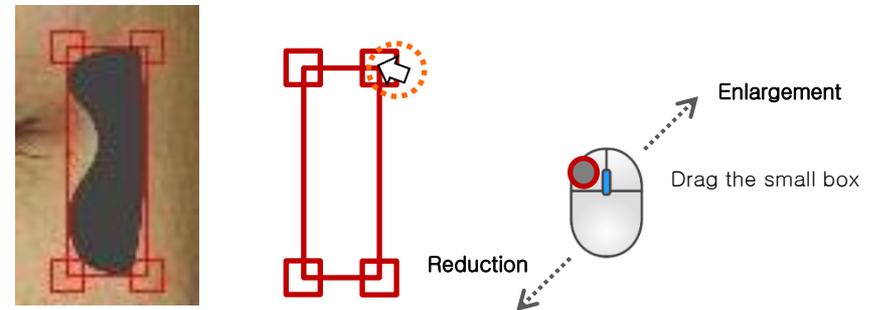
1) Adjusting the analysis area position

- Please drag the big box to move a analyzed area to correct position.



2) Resize

- Please drag the small box to resize a analyzed area.



◎ STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Pore ◎

1) 모공 결과

2)

3)

4)

Location	Pixel	Area	Location	Pixel	Area
A Forehead	1076514	26.913	E Under the Right eye	133261	3.332
B Nose	345078	8.627	F Under the Left eye	126841	3.171
C Next to Right eye	50356	1.259	G Right cheek	317404	7.935
D Next to Left eye	50307	1.258	H Left cheek	311835	7.796

It is switch the result page to click the skin problems button as like pore, wrinkles, pigmentation, red & brown spots, sebum, skin tone, radiant, and etc.

1) Result of analysis by area

The '53%' has mean is the result of pores in A area. (As an assume the total area of 'A' is 100%.)

The '53%' has mean is the result of pores in A area. (As an assume the total area of 'H' is 100%.)

The '56%' has mean is the average result of pores in total from "A", "B", "G", "H".

2) Graph of result by area (comparison with an average of group of age.)

This graph shows the level of customer's value which compared to group of same age.

Through "A" area, the result is 9% worse than the result of average by age group. If the result is -5%, that is 5% better than the result of average by age group.

Through "Ave", the total result of pore is 14% worse than the result of average by age group.

The high value means 'the result of pore is bad'(Red) by result of age group, The low value means 'the result of pore is good'(Green) by result of age group.

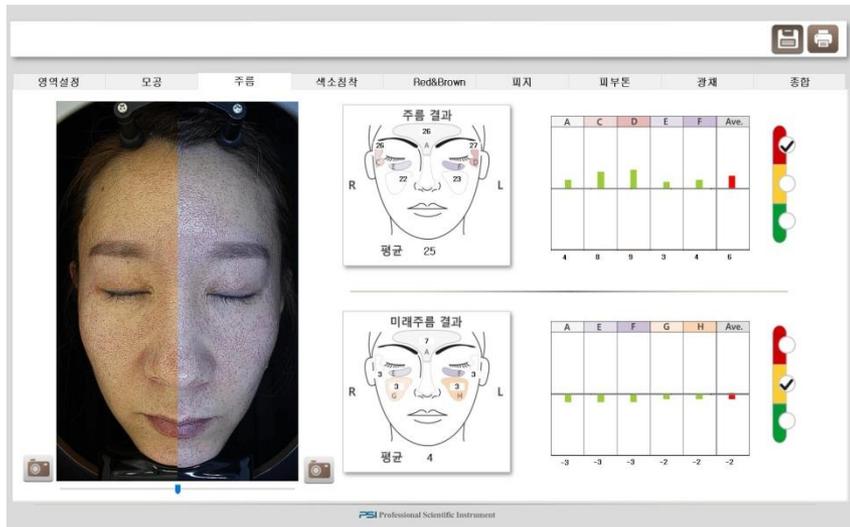
3) Skin problems checking bar

It is useful to check skin problem with drag a bar.

4) A number of pixels of total analysis part and an area

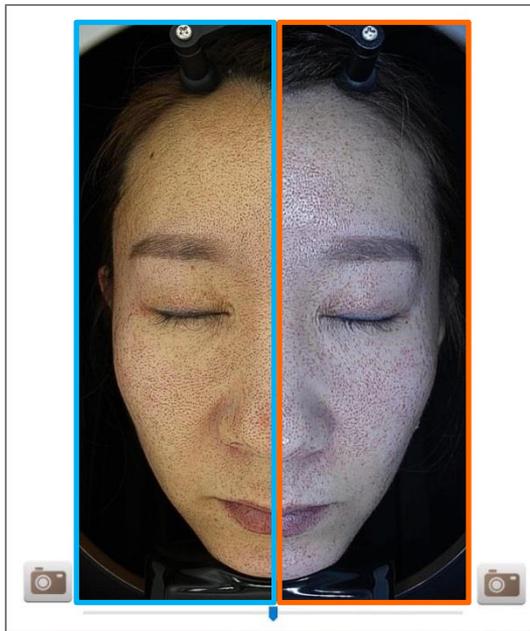
By set an area, the pixel and area of the analyzed area is displayed as a Cm²

© STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Wrinkles ©



What is Hidden Wrinkles?

The hidden wrinkles is observed by the specular light made by the maximized reflection of light. It is possible to check an invisible pores and wrinkles by normal light. It is possible to predict a hidden wrinkles through the difference between a pores & wrinkles found in specular light and a pore & wrinkles found in normal light.

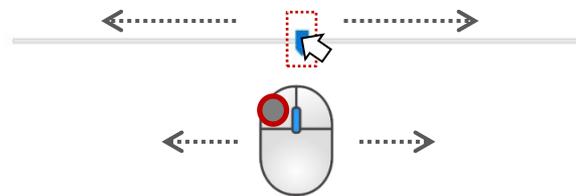


The image in the blue box is the analyzed image for the pores and the wrinkles by normal light source.

- The analyzed result of the pores and the wrinkles by normal light source is the current pores and wrinkles.

The image in the orange box is the analyzed image for the pores and the wrinkles by specular light source.

- The analyzed result of the pores and the wrinkles by specular light source is the hidden pores and wrinkles.



When you drag that point to left, you can see the more images shoot by specular light source.
When you drag the point to right, you can see the more images shoot by normal light source.



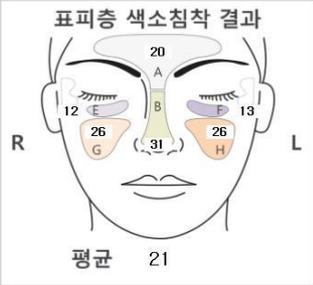
it is switch to click the camera button the analyzed image to original image.

◎ STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Pigmentation◎

영역설정
모공
주름
색소침착
Red&Brown
피지
피부톤
광채
종합



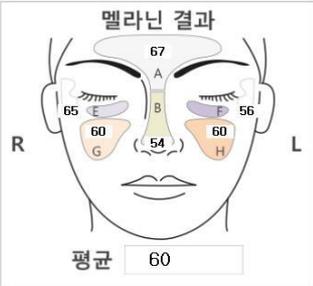
표피층 색소침착 결과



A	B	E	F	G	H	Ave.
-1	7	-3	-2	3	3	1



멜라닌 결과



A	B	E	F	G	H	Ave.
37	22	42	33	30	30	32





Result of pigmentation : It is include the result of red and brown spots by Polarized light.

Result of melanin : It is possible to analyze the melanin as like a dark spots by UV light.

© STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Red & Brown spots©

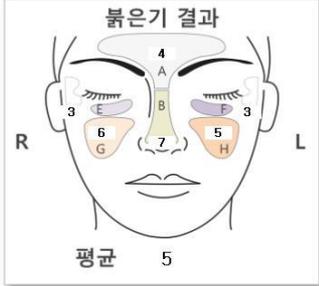



영역설정
모공
주름
색소침착
Red&Brown
피지
피부톤
광채
종합



RB

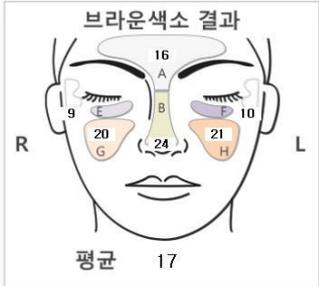
붉은기 결과



평균 5

A	B	E	F	G	H	Ave.
1	2	1	1	2	1	2

브라운색소 결과



평균 17

A	B	E	F	G	H	Ave.
-2	5	-4	-3	1	2	0

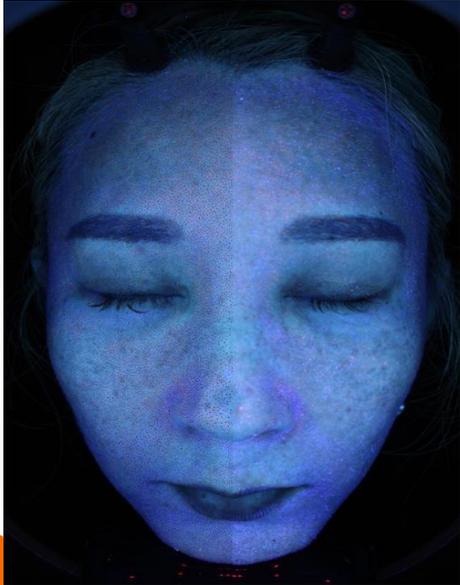
 Professional Scientific Instrument

The result of pigmentation is divided into the result of red and the result of brown spots.

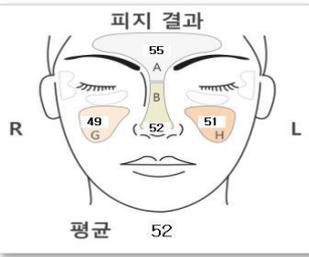
RB : R is for Red, B is Brown spots.

© STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Sebum ©

영역설정
모공
주름
색소침착
Red&Brown
피지
피부톤
광채
종합



피지 결과



평균 52

A	B	G	H	Ave.
40	37	41	43	40

지성
 건성
 건성



포피린 결과



평균 18

A	B	G	H	Ave.
8	10	2	8	7

지성
 건성
 건성

PSI Professional Scientific Instrument

- **Result of sebum :** The sebum result has mean is percentage of area occupied by the sebum.
- **Result of porphyrin:** The porphyrin result has mean is percentage of area occupied by the porphyrin from the area occupied by the sebum.

* Result of porphyrin(%) = $\frac{\text{Area of porphyrin}}{\text{Total area(porphyrin + sebum)}} \times 100$



: Please click to change the images. S is for sebum, P is for porphyrin.

◎ STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Skin tone ◎

영역설정 | 모공 | 주름 | 색소침착 | Red&Brown | 피지 | 피부톤 | 광채 | 종합

피부톤 결과

A	B	E	F	G	H	Ave.

평균 56

다크서클 결과

눈 밑과 볼의 밝기 차이를 통해 다크서클 정도를 판단 함

2.5

Fitzpatrick's Skin type

58

<검어지기 쉬움> <화상입기 쉬움>

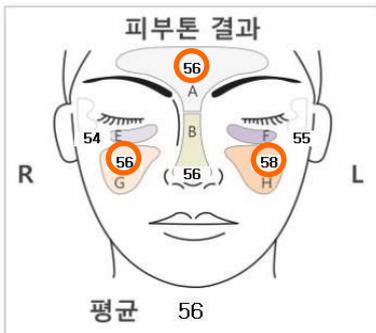
Graph of skin tone: Unlike other results, Higher values mean 'skin is bright'. A low value means 'skin is dark'. Therefore, the graph is reversed.

Graph of dark circle : The dark circle value is presented by different skin tone value of both cheek and skin tone value of under the eyes.
(average of the both cheek - average of both under the eyes)



Consult to result of skin tone :

the low value means 'skin tone is darker than average of age group', the high value means 'skin tone is brighten than average of age group' from forehead(A), Both of cheek (G, H). If a customer has different result value 3 or more between forehead and both of cheek, a customer face may look mottled. You can consult that the customer should take a skin tone treatment this time. Especially, the skin problems such as wrinkles, pigmentation, etc. make a skin tone to dark.



Graph of Fitzpatrick's Skin type:

It is possible to differentiate the brightness of the skin according to the light sensitivity.- When the light is exposed, it distinguishes between the type of tanning and the type of blushing.



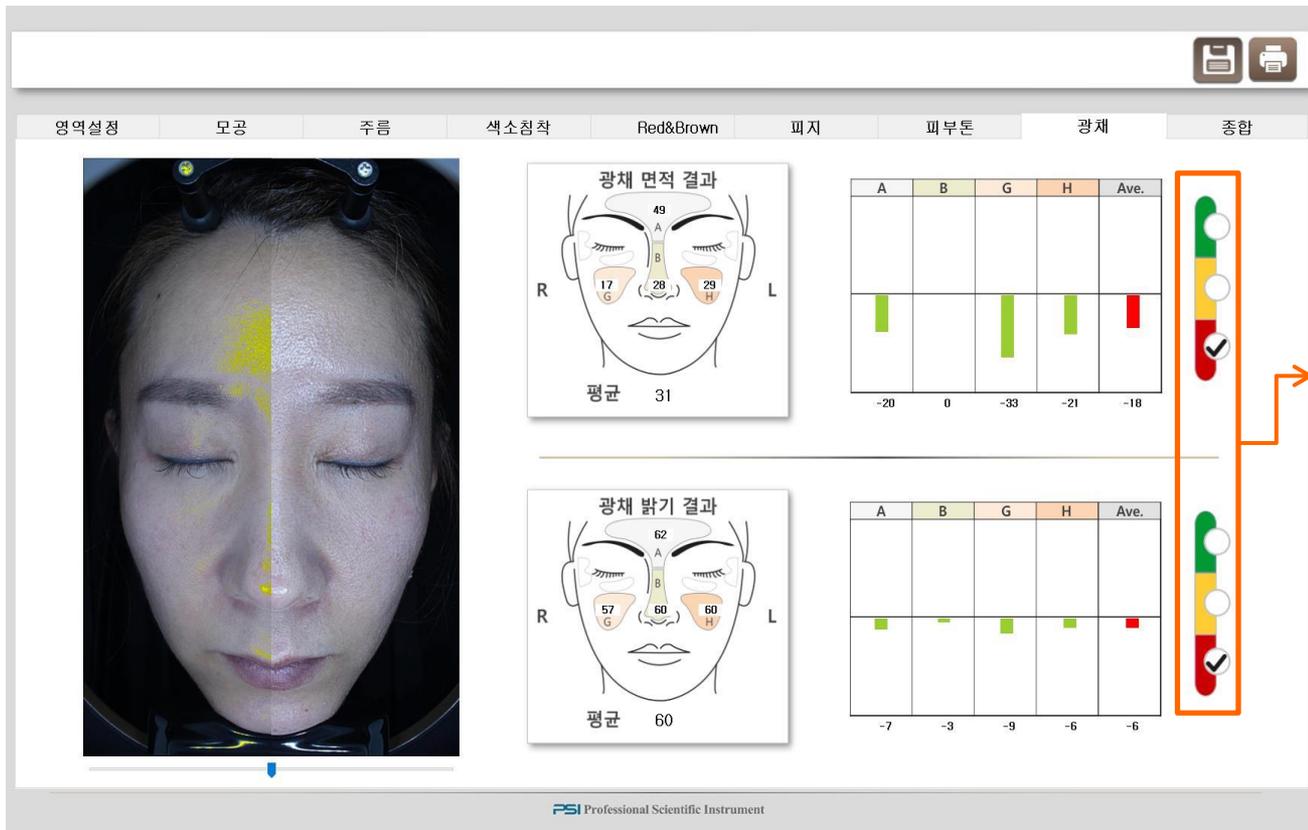
The sensitivity to UV B is high

The sensitivity to UV B is high

You should choose to base on the PA when you buy a sunscreen.

You should choose to base on the PA when you buy a sunscreen.

© STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Radiant©



Graph of radiant:
 Higher value means 'radiant is good'(Green). A low value means 'radiant is bad'(Red). Therefore, this is the opposite of other graphs such as pore, wrinkles, pigmentation etc..

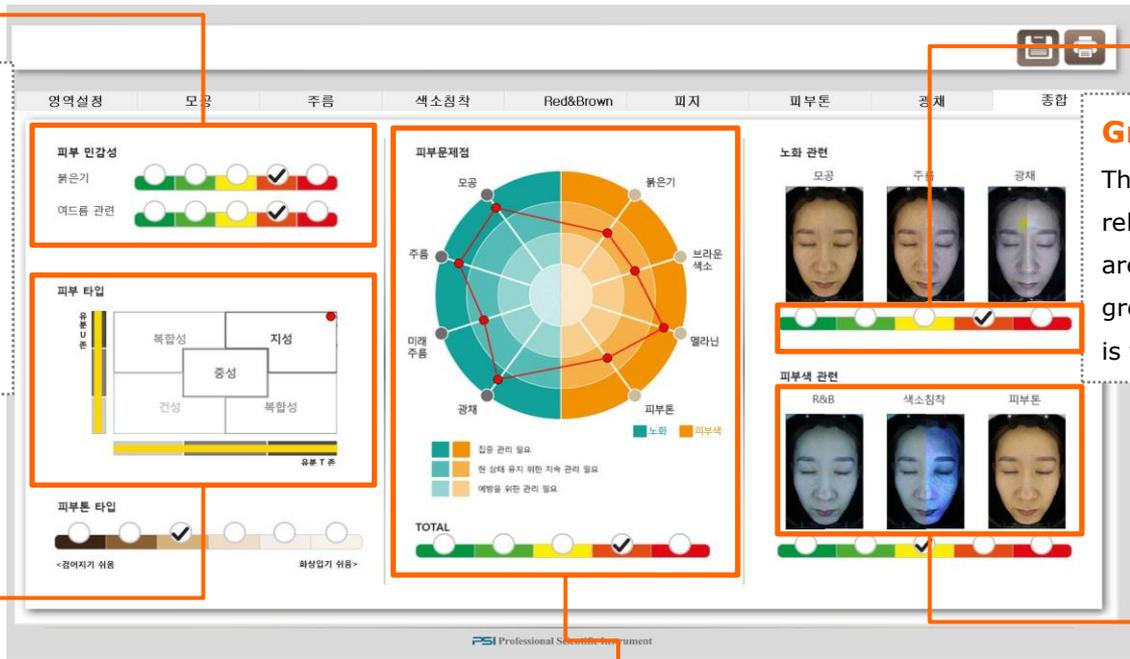
Result of area of radiant : By specular light The radiation value is based on the phenomenon that light is horizontally polarized on a smooth surface. The more the smooth surface area of face, the higher the radiant value. And the more the curvature surface area of face, the lower the radiant value. In the case of oily skin, the curvature of the skin surface of both cheeks is so severe that the brightness is lowered.

(If the left and right symmetry of the face does not match well at the time of shooting, the difference between the values of both cheeks becomes bigger, so be careful when shooting.)

Result of radiant : The radiant result is displayed the average of entire RGB value of the analysis area as like skin tone result. The high value means 'There is a lot of radiant'. In other word, The higher the value means the smoother your skin surface.

© STEP 4. Result of analysis _ Total ©

Sensitive :
This graphs are based on the maximum value of the red and porphyrin results in the analysis, the results were divided into five levels.



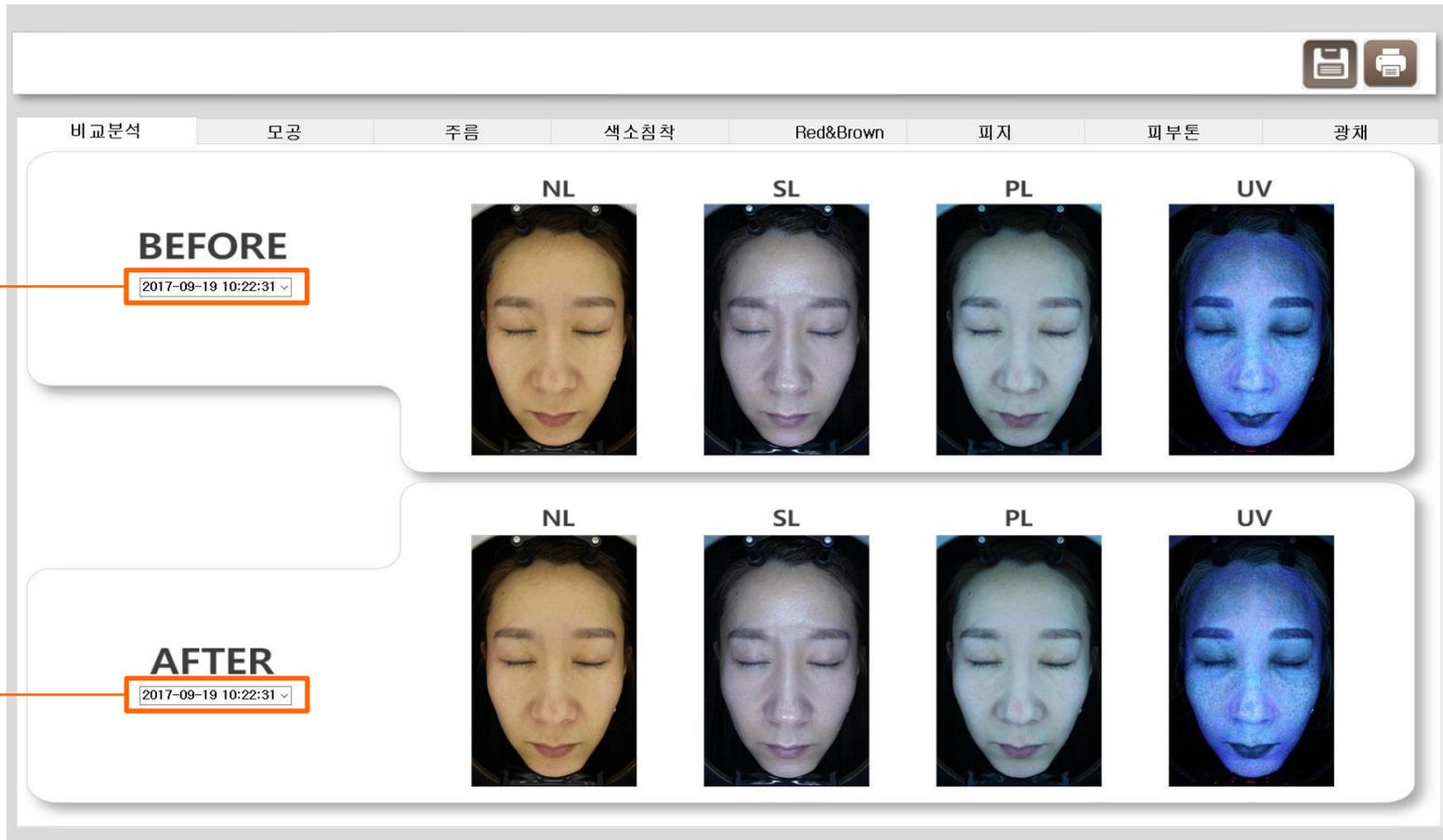
Graph of age/skin tone :
The results of skin problems related to aging and skin color are shown into five levels. The green of the graph means there is few of skin problems.

Graph of skin type :
One graph at left side is for the amount of sebum on the U zone .
The other graph at bottom side is for the amount of sebum on the T zone.
Through both graphs, the red dot is placed to customer's skin type.

Graph of skin problems :
If the red dot is placed out side, that mean is 'There is many skin problems. So, you need to treatment'. If the red dot is placed inside, that mean is 'There is few of skin problems. So, your skin condition is good for now.'
The half-round at left side is for graph of aging, the other half-round at right side is for graph of skin tone. And there is total result of skin problems at bottom side.

Images of skin problems:
It is possible to switch the result page when you click the image.
For example, if you click the R&B image, it will be switch to Red & Brown result page.

◎ STEP 5. Comparison analysis _ Choose the images (Date) ◎

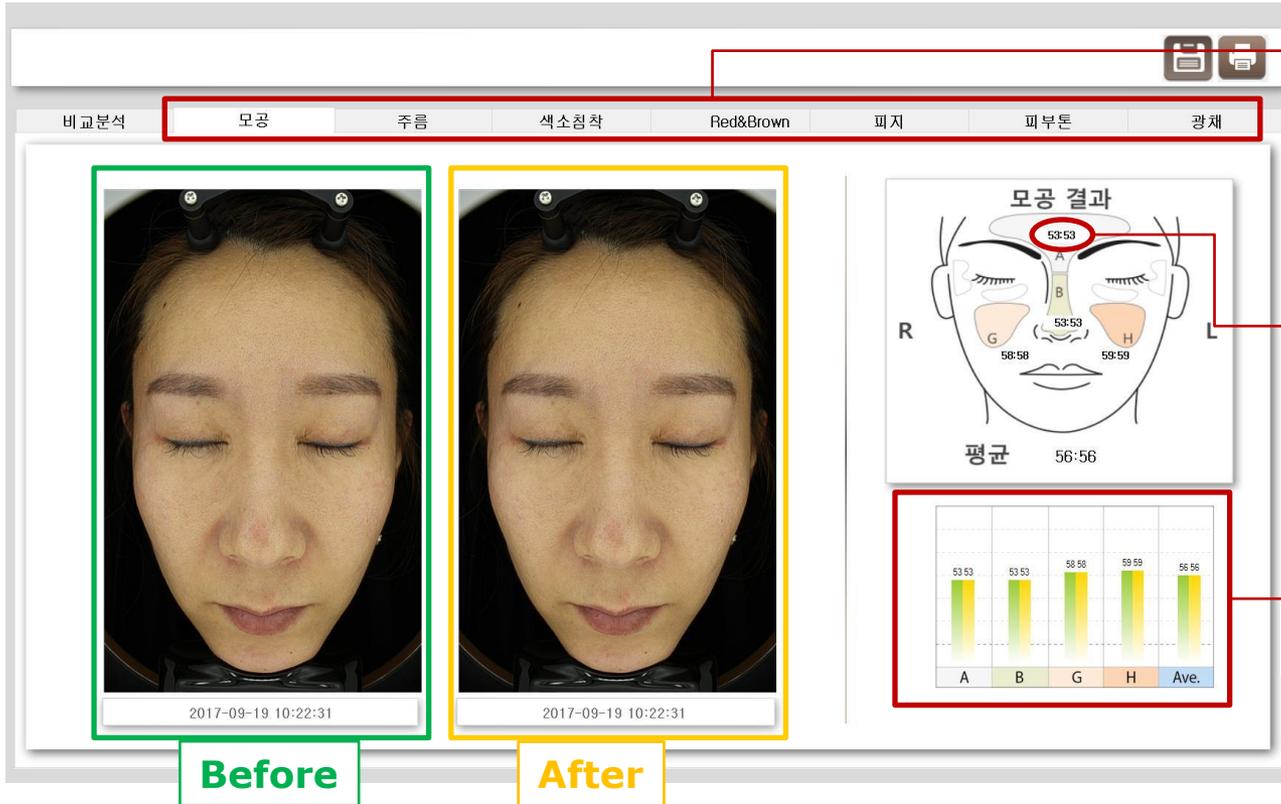


Comparison analysis (choose the two different date)

Choose the two different date for comparison analysis. It is possible to compare before/after images when the all of images are changed.

◎ STEP 5. Comparison analysis _ pore ◎

- **It is possible to compare the different date of analyzed result.** Usually, it is useful to compare before/after result after a customer get a treatment.
- **It is use to compare the results which one of customer takes a pictures in different day.**



Please choose a skin problems which you want to see (pore, wrinkles, pigmentation, sebum, Red & Brown, skin tone, radiant)

The first number of '53' has mean is percentage of the 'Before' pores result in A area, and next number of '53' has mean is percentage of the 'After' pores result in A area.

The green stick from the graph has mean is result of before by each area, the yellow stick from the graph has mean is result of after by each area.

- ◆ **To compare Before / After images and date is useful to consult the effect of treatment and care systems.**
- ◆ **The comparison analysis is useful to check a reproducibility of data.**

◎ STEP 5. Comparison analysis _ Etc.◎

NL is for wrinkles result, **SL** is for hidden wrinkles result.

미래주름 결과
평균 4:4

7.7	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	4.4	
A	E	F	G	H	Ave.	

PL is for pigmentation, **UV** is for melanin.

멜라닌 결과
평균 60:60

67.67	65.65	65.65	65.65	65.65	60.60	
A	B	E	F	G	H	Ave.

RED is for red spots result, **BROWN** is for brown spots result.

붉은기 결과
평균 5:5

4.4	7.7	3.3	3.3	5.5	5.5	
A	B	E	F	G	H	Ave.

AREA is for area of radiant, **RGB** is for radiant result.

광채 면적 결과
평균 31:31

49.49	28.28	17.17	29.29	31.31		
A	B	G	H	Ave.		